

Arlington National Cemetery Memorial Arboretum

Living Collections Summary

1. General Collections: The total Memorial Arboretum tree collection includes approximately 8,800 trees comprised of about 390 taxa, and about 210 shrub taxa on 624 acres of gently rolling hills, steep ravines and level land. A list of the trees species, cultivars and varieties is found in Appendix A.

The General Collections include trees that pre-date the establishment of the Arlington estate. This collection includes the oldest trees on the property, primarily white and chestnut oak, hickory and other native trees. The oldest trees are approximately aged at between 225- 250 years old. During the period of the Custis-Lee estate (c. 1820-1861), the landscape was designed to take on the Picturesque garden design popular with the time.

At the outbreak of the Civil War, the land was occupied by Union troops and thousands of trees were cut to be used as firewood, shelter and to create lines of sight for the defense of the city of Washington. Several trees, however, were left standing and the result is that the cemetery has many large, ancient, veteran trees.

In 1873 David H. Rhodes, who was hired as the landscape gardener and served in that capacity until 1930, began a program of plantings within the cemetery grounds, including ornamental and specimen trees near the mansion and elm, beech, and red, white, and chestnut oaks throughout the cemetery . These plantings reinforced the species make-up of the original Arlington estate forests, but also included the addition of exotic ornamental trees as well. Rhodes' plantings took on the design of the Rural Cemetery Movement and contributed greatly in creating the iconic image that ANC has today.

As the cemetery expanded, designed features were added. These would include the Tomb of the Civil War Unknowns, Tanner Amphitheater, Memorial Amphitheater, John F. Kennedy Gravesite, Coast Guard Monument, Columbarium complex, and other smaller monuments throughout the cemetery. Administrative and maintenance buildings as well as the Welcome Center were also constructed and landscaped.

Unlike the burial sections comprised of headstones, turf and naturalistic plantings, these monuments and buildings are designed landscapes and gardens. While many of these landscapes have changed significantly over the course of time, there are still trees and shrubs that are remnants of the original designs and contribute to the cultural landscapes of the cemetery. The entire cemetery is a National Register of Historic Places site.

2. Notable Specimen Collections: The trees and shrubs within this collection stand out as being connected to a significant event, person or organization, are particularly exceptional examples of a specimen, or have a unique provenance. Unlike the General Collections, there is existing documentation about the plant's source, provenance or ceremonial planting. The following are subdivisions of the Notable Specimen Collections:

a.) State Champions: The Memorial Arboretum is currently home to 3 state champion trees; *Paulownia tomentosa* (Empress tree), *Cladrastis kentukea* (yellowwood), and *Quercus acutissima* (Sawtooth oak). In addition, there are 2 State Co-Champion trees; *Celtis tenuifolia* (Dwarf hackberry), and *Quercus palustris* (Pin oak).

b.) Memorial Trees: This Collection is comprised of 142 trees donated and dedicated by various organizations and associations, mostly veteran's organizations. The earliest known Memorial Tree is the Mother's Tree located at the Memorial Amphitheater, dedicated in 1932 (although it is not the original tree). Plaques are associated with 137 of the 142 Memorial Trees. A tree will only be added to this collection and designated a Memorial Tree if a plaque or marker is placed at the tree. A description of each Memorial Tree is found in Appendix B.

c.) Trees of Unique Provenance:

Medal of Honor Trees: In 1992, 50 tree saplings from American Forests' Famous and Historic tree program were planted to honor recipients of the Medal of Honor from each state. Today, 36 of the trees remain. A description of the Medal of Honor Trees is found in Appendix C.

Moon Tree: A single *Platanus occidentalis* dedicated February 9, 2005 in honor of Astronaut Stuart A. Roosa. Likely a second generation progeny of the original Moon Tree American Sycamores propagated from seed brought to the moon aboard Apollo 14 in 1971. The Moon Tree is growing in section 48 near the grave of Stuart A. Roosa.

Eisenhower Green Ash: Dedicated on December 7, 2000, these 6 green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*) are direct offspring of a tree growing at the birthplace of Dwight D. Eisenhower in Denison, Texas. The trees were propagated by American Forest's Famous and Historic Tree Program. The trees were planted on Pearl Harbor Day to honor the men and women who lost their lives during the attack and those that served in World War II. The ceremony was attended by Secretary of Agriculture Dan Glickman and two Pearl Harbor survivors, Captain Frank Costagliola and Captain Ted Hill. Taps was played at the exact time the first bomb struck Pearl Harbor. The trees are growing in section 60.

American Chestnut Foundation Chestnut: Planted April 29th, Arbor Day, 2011, a sapling of an ACF potentially blight resistant cross between the American chestnut (*Castanea dentata*) and the Chinese chestnut (*C. mollissima*). Planted in honor of CDR Robert W. Lancaster, USN and all veterans buried at Arlington National Cemetery in section 31 off of Roosevelt Dr.

Arlington Oak saplings: Planted and dedicated on April 27th, Arbor Day, 2012. Five saplings that are progeny of the large post oak (*Quercus stellata*) that was growing at the John F. Kennedy gravesite until Hurricane Irene felled it on August 27, 2011. Several years before the hurricane, acorns from the 'Arlington Oak' were collected by American Forests and propagated as part of the Famous and Historic Tree program. One of the saplings was planted in the original location and 2 others were planted near the JFK gravesite. The other 2 trees were planted in sections 26 and 36 where post oaks once grew. Katherine Hammack, Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations, Energy and Environment and Scott Steen, CEO, American Forests provided remarks during the ceremony.

Ratchet 33 Kwanzan Cherry (*Prunus serrulata* 'Kwanzan'): Single tree dedicated April 26, Arbor Day, 2013 in honor of four 34th Expeditionary Special Operations Squadron U.S. airmen killed in a crash in Djibouti Africa while serving in support of Operation Enduring Freedom. Air Force Capt Ryan P. Hall, Capt Nicholas S. Whitlock, 1st Lt. Justin J. Wilkens and Senior Airman Julian S. Scholten lost their lives in the crash and are interred together in section 60. Friends of the airmen and members of the Scholten family were present for the dedication. The tree was planted along Marshall Dr. in section 60.

d.) Exceptional Specimens: There are many examples of very large, old and outstanding specimen trees found throughout the cemetery. The arboretum Notable Specimen collection includes some of the most exceptional and majestic trees found in the cemetery including:

American elm (*Ulmus americana*) sections 48 and 17.

White oaks (*Quercus alba*) sections 2, 36, 8, 3, 24, 19, 5 and 48.

Water oaks (*Quercus nigra*) section 18. Former State Champion and Co-Champion.

Willow oak (*Quercus phellos*) section 35. At 84 inches diameter, the largest tree in the cemetery. Another giant is found in section 6.

American linden (*Tilia americana*) section 7.

Southern magnolia (*Magnolia grandiflora*) section 13.

Black oak (*Quercus velutina*) section 1.

Ginkgo (*Ginkgo biloba*) section 45, NE of Lee Mansion.

Southern Red oak (*Quercus falcata*) section 31.

e.) Donated Trees: Many trees have been donated and planted by friends, family and loved ones as living memorials. While these trees are not labeled or marked, since 2006 the information about these trees has been entered into the tree inventory database. Additional information has been accumulated that documents several Living Memorials that date back to the 1960's. As this information is obtained, it is entered into the database. This data is gathered through the research of existing records, or by conversations with family members.

3. Natural Areas: The Natural Areas are located at the north end of the cemetery and are the remnant forested areas of what was originally section 29 of the cemetery. The site is currently under development to expand burial and columbarium space of the cemetery. This forested site of approximately 6.25 acres of mixed forest stands that range between 150 and 175 years old. The site abuts the 'Arlington Woods', which is managed by the National Park Service as part of the Arlington House, the Robert E. Lee Memorial.

The forested area is dominated by tulip tree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), Chestnut oak (*Quercus montana*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), and American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*). The shrub layer native plants include primarily American holly (*Ilex opaca*), and spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*). A vegetative study conducted 1996 by the National Park Service identified over 180 different species of plants growing within the various forested stands. There are many invasive species

found in the area including English ivy (*Hedera helix*), Wisteria (*Wisteria sinensis*) and winter creeper (*Euonymus fortunei*). Invasive species removal and control is included as part of the development project to manage the invasive plants.

Appendix A: Memorial Arboretum Woody Plant Species

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i>	Glossy Abelia
<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i> 'Little Richard'	Little Richard Glossy Abelia
<i>Abies concolor</i>	White Fir
<i>Abies koreana</i>	Korean Fir
<i>Abies nordmanniana</i>	Nordmann Fir
<i>Acer buergeranum</i>	Trident Maple
<i>Acer campestre</i>	Hedge Maple
<i>Acer campestre</i> 'Evelyn'	Evelyn Hedge Maple
<i>Acer davidii</i>	David Maple
<i>Acer ginnala</i>	Amur Maple
<i>Acer griseum</i>	Paperbark Maple
<i>Acer henryi</i>	Henry Maple
<i>Acer japonicum</i> 'Green Cascade'	Green Cascade Moon Maple
<i>Acer japonicum</i> 'Rising Sun'	Rising Sun Full Moon Maple
<i>Acer miyabei</i> 'State Street'	Miyabe Maple
<i>Acer nigrum</i>	Black Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Japanese Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Atropurpureum'	Japanese Red Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Bloodgood'	Bloodgood Japanese Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Crimson Prince'	Crimson Prince Japanese Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Osakazuki'	Osakazuki Japanese Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Sango-Kaku'	Coralbark Maple
<i>Acer palmatum</i> 'Spring Delight'	Spring Delight Japanese Maple
<i>Acer pennsylvanicum</i>	Moosewood
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	Norway Maple
<i>Acer platanoides</i> 'Crimson King'	Crimson King Norway Maple
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Sycamore Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	Red Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'Autumn Flame'	Autumn Flame Red Maple

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'Brandywine'	Brandywine Red Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'Jamestown'	Jamestown Red Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'Karpick'	Karpick Red Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'October Glory'	October Glory Red Maple
<i>Acer rubrum</i> 'Red Sunset'	Red Sunset Red Maple
<i>Acer saccharinum</i>	Silver Maple
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Sugar Maple
<i>Acer saccharum</i> 'Commemoration'	Commemoration Sugar Maple
<i>Acer saccharum</i> 'Green Mountain'	Green Mountain Sugar Maple
<i>Acer saccharum</i> 'Legacy'	Legacy Sugar Maple
<i>Acer shirasawanum</i>	Shirasawa Maple
<i>Acer tegmentosum</i>	Manchurian Striped Maple
<i>Acer triflorum</i>	Three-Flowered Maple
<i>Acer x freemanii</i>	Freeman Maple
<i>Acer x freemanii</i> 'Autumn Blaze'	Autumn Blaze Maple
<i>Acer x 'Keithsform'</i>	Norwegian Sunset Maple
<i>Acer x maximowiczianum</i>	Girard's Maple
<i>Acer x 'White Tigress'</i>	White Tigress Maple
<i>Aesculus flava</i>	Yellow Buckeye
<i>Aesculus glabra</i>	Ohio Buckeye
<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	Horsechestnut
<i>Aesculus parviflora</i>	Bottlebrush Buckeye
<i>Aesculus pavia</i>	Red Buckeye
<i>Aesculus x carnea</i>	Red Horsechestnut
<i>Aesculus x carnea</i> 'Fort McNair'	Fort McNair Red Horsechestnut
<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	Tree of Heaven
<i>Amelanchier arborea</i>	Downy Serviceberry
<i>Amelanchier canadensis</i>	Shadblow Serviceberry
<i>Amelanchier laevis</i>	Allegheny Serviceberry
<i>Amelanchier laevis</i> 'Cumulus'	Cumulus Serviceberry
<i>Amelanchier</i> spp.	Serviceberry

Scientific Name	Common Name
Amelanchier x grandiflora 'Autumn Brilliance'	Autumn Brilliance Serviceberry
Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry
Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry
Asimina triloba	Paw Paw
Aucuba japonica 'Gold Dust'	Gold Dust Japanese Aucuba
Berberis x julianne	Julianne Barberry
Berberis x gladwynensis	William Penn Barberry
Betula lenta	Sweet Birch
Betula nigra	River Birch
Betula nigra 'Cully'	Heritage River Birch
Buxus microphylla	English Boxwood
Buxus microphylla 'Grace Hendrick Phillips'	Grace Hendrick Phillips Boxwood
Buxus microphylla 'John Baldwin'	John Baldwin Boxwood
Buxus microphylla 'Morris Dwarf'	Morris Dwarf Boxwood
Buxus microphylla 'Morris Midget'	Morris Midget Boxwood
Buxus microphylla var. japonica 'Wintergreen'	Wintergreen Boxwood
Buxus microphylla 'Winter Gem'	Winter Gem Boxwood
Buxus sempervirens	American Boxwood
Buxus sempervirens 'Aureo-variegata'	Variiegated Boxwood
Buxus sempervirens 'Bullata'	Boxwood, Bullate
Buxus sempervirens 'Dee Runk'	Dee Runk Boxwood
Buxus sempervirens 'Elegantissima'	Boxwood 'Elegantissima'
Buxus sempervirens 'Jensen'	Jensen Boxwood
Buxus sempervirens 'Suffruticosa'	American Boxwood 'Suffruticosa'
Buxus sempervirens 'Varder Valley'	Varder Valley Boxwood
Buxus sinica var. insularis 'Justin Brouwer'	Justin Brouwer's Boxwood
Buxus sinica var. insularis 'Nana'	Boxwood 'Nana'
Buxus x 'Chicagoland'	Chicagoland Boxwood
Buxus x 'Green Mound'	Green Mound Boxwood
Buxus x 'Green Mountain'	Green Mountain Boxwood
Buxus x 'Green Velvet'	Green Velvet Boxwood

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Callicarpa americana</i>	American Beautyberry
<i>Calycanthus floridus</i>	Common Sweetshrub
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	European Hornbeam
<i>Carpinus betulus</i> 'Fastigiata'	Upright European Hornbeam
<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	American Hornbeam
<i>Carya glabra</i>	Pignut Hickory
<i>Carya illinoensis</i>	Pecan
<i>Carya ovata</i>	Shagbark Hickory
<i>Carya tomentosa</i>	Mockernut Hickory
<i>Caryopteris x clandonensis</i>	Blue Beard
<i>Castanea dentata x mollissima</i>	Hybrid Chestnut
<i>Castanea mollissima</i>	Chinese Chestnut
<i>Castanea</i> spp.	Chestnut
<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>	Atlas Cedar
<i>Cedrus atlantica</i> 'glauca'	Blue Atlas Cedar
<i>Cedrus deodara</i>	Deodar Cedar
<i>Cedrus deodara</i> 'Aurea'	Aurea Deodar Cedar
<i>Cedrus deodara</i> 'Prostrate Beauty'	Prostrate Deodar Cedar
<i>Cedrus deodara</i> 'Silver Mist'	Silver Mist Deodar Cedar
<i>Cedrus libani</i>	Cedar of Lebanon
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	Sugarberry Hackberry
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	Hackberry
<i>Celtis tenuifolia</i>	Dwarf Hackberry
<i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i> 'Sugar Shack'	Buttonbush
<i>Cephalotaxus harringtonia</i>	Japanese Plum Yew
<i>Cephalotaxus harringtonia</i> 'Duke Garde'	Duke Gardens Japanese Plum Yew
<i>Cephalotaxus harringtonia</i> 'Fastigiata'	Fastigate Japanese Plum Yew
<i>Cephalotaxus harringtonia</i> 'Prostrata'	Prostrate Japanese Plum Yew
<i>Cercidiphyllum japonicum</i>	Katsura
<i>Cercidiphyllum japonicum</i> 'Pendula'	Weeping Katsura
<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	Eastern Redbud

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Ace of Hearts'	Ace of Hearts Redbud
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Appalachian Red'	Appalachian Red Redbud
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Covey'	Weeping Redbud
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Forest Pansy'	Forest Pansy Redbud
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Rising Sun'	Rising Sun Redbud
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> var. <i>alba</i>	White Eastern Redbud
<i>Cercis chinensis</i>	Chinese redbud
<i>Cercis reniformis</i> 'Oklahoma'	Oklahoma Redbud
<i>Chaenomeles japonica</i>	Japanese Flowering quince
<i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>	Port Orford Cedar
<i>Chamaecyparis nootkatensis</i>	Alaskan Cedar
<i>Chamaecyparis nootkatensis</i> 'Pendula'	Weeping Alaskan Cedar
<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i> 'Crippsii'	Golden Hinoki Falsecypress
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	Japanese Falsecypress
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> 'Cream Ball'	Cream Ball Japanese Falsecypress
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> 'Filifera'	Threadleaf Japanese Falsecypress
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> 'Golden Mop'	Golden Mop Japanese Falsecypress
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> 'Squarrosa'	Moss Cypress
<i>Chamaecyparis thyoides</i>	Atlantic Whitecedar
<i>Chionanthus retusus</i>	Chinese Fringetree
<i>Chionanthus virginicus</i>	Fringetree
<i>Cladrastis kentukea</i>	Yellowwood
<i>Cladrastis kentukea</i> 'Rosea'	Perkins Pink Yellowwood
<i>Clematis x jackmanii</i>	Jackman Clematis
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	Summersweet
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i> 'Hummingbird'	Hummingbird Summersweet
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i> 'Ruby Spice'	Ruby Spice Summersweet
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i> 'Sixteen Candles'	Sixteen Candles Summersweet
<i>Cornus angustata</i> 'Elsbry'	Empress of China Dogwood
<i>Cornus controversa</i>	Giant Dogwood
<i>Cornus controversa</i> 'June Snow'	June Snow Giant Dogwood

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Appalachian Mist'	Appalachian Mist Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Appalachian Spring'	Appalachian Spring Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Cherokee Brave'	Cherokee Brave Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Cherokee Princess'	Cherokee Princess Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Cherokee Sunset'	Cherokee Sunset Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Cloud Nine'	Cloud Nine Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> f. <i>rubra</i>	Pink Flowering Dogwood
<i>Cornus florida</i> 'Plena'	Double Flower Dogwood
<i>Cornus kousa</i>	Kousa Dogwood
<i>Cornus kousa</i> 'Blue Shadow'	Blue Shadow Kousa Dogwood
<i>Cornus kousa</i> 'Crown Jewel'	Crown Jewel Kousa Dogwood
<i>Cornus kousa</i> 'Greensleeves'	Greensleeves Dogwood
<i>Cornus kousa</i> 'Miss Satomi'	Miss Satomi Kousa Dogwood
<i>Cornus mas</i>	Corneliancherry Dogwood
<i>Cornus officinalis</i> 'Kintoki'	Kintoki Cornel Dogwood
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	Gray Dogwood
<i>Cornus sericea</i> 'Cardinal'	Cardinal Red Twig Dogwood
<i>Cornus</i> spp.	Dogwood
<i>Cornus</i> x 'Constellation'	Constellation Dogwood
<i>Cornus</i> x <i>rutgersensis</i> 'Celestial'	Celestial Dogwood
<i>Cornus</i> x <i>rutgersensis</i> 'Stellar Pink'	Stellar Pink Dogwood
<i>Cornus</i> x 'Venus'	Venus Dogwood
<i>Corylopsis spicata</i>	Winter hazel
<i>Corylus avellana</i> 'Contorta'	Harry Lauder's Walking Stick
<i>Corylus colurna</i>	Turkish Filbert
<i>Cotinus coggygria</i> 'Royal Purple'	Royal Purple Smokebush
<i>Cotinus obavatus</i>	Smoketree
<i>Cotoneaster</i> spp.	Cotoneaster
<i>Crataegus crusgalli</i>	Cockspur Hawthorn
<i>Crataegus laevigata</i>	English Hawthorn

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Crataegus phaenopyrum</i>	Washington Hawthorn
<i>Crataegus</i> spp.	Hawthorn
<i>Crataegus viridis</i> 'Winter King'	Winterking Hawthorn
<i>Crataegus x lavallei</i>	Lavalle Hawthorn
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i>	Japanese Cryptomeria
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i> 'Dragon Warrior'	Dragon Warrior Japanese Cryptomeria
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i> 'Globe Dwarf'	Globe Dwarf
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i> 'Globosa nana'	
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i> 'Yoshino'	Yoshino Cryptomeria
<i>Deutzia gracilis</i> 'Nikko'	
<i>Diospyros kaki</i> 'Fuyu'	Japanese Persimmon
<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	Common Persimmon
<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	
<i>Eucommia ulmoides</i>	Hardy Rubber Tree
<i>Euonymus americanus</i>	
<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>	Japanese Spindle Tree
<i>Euonymus</i> spp.	Euonymus
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	American Beech
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	European Beech
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> 'Asplenifolia'	Cut-Leaved European Beech
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> 'Atropunicea'	Purple Leaf European Beech
<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i>	Forsythia
<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i> 'Courdijau'	GOLDEN PEEP Forsythia
<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i> 'Courtasol'	GOLD TIDE Forsythia
<i>Fothergilla gardenii</i>	
<i>Fothergilla gardenii</i> 'Mount Airy'	
<i>Fothergilla major</i>	Witch Alder
<i>Franklinia alatamaha</i>	Franklin Tree
<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	White Ash
<i>Fraxinus americana</i> 'Rosehill'	Rosehill White Ash
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	Green Ash

Scientific Name	Common Name
Fraxinus pennsylvanica 'Patmore'	Patmore Green Ash
Gardenia jasminoides 'Crown Jewel'	
Ginkgo biloba	Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba 'Autumn Gold'	Autumn Gold Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba 'Fastigiata'	Fastigiata Ginkgo
Gleditsia triacanthos	Honeylocust
Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis	Thornless Honeylocust
Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis 'Skylin	Skyline Honeylocust
Gymnocladus dioicus	Kentucky Coffeetree
Halesia carolina	Carolina Silverbell
Halesia tetraptera 'Arnold Pink'	Pink Carolina Silverbell
Hamamelis virginiana	Common Withhazel
Hamamelis virginiana 'Mohonk Red'	
Hamamelis x intermedia 'Arnold's Promi	
Hamamelis x intermedia 'Jelena'	
Hamamelis x intermedia 'Magic Fire'	
Hibiscus syriacus	Rose-of-Sharon
Hydrangea anomala subsp. Petiolaris	Climbing Hydrangia
Hydrangea arborescens 'Incrediball'	
Hydrangea paniculata 'Bobo'	
Hydrangea quercifolia	Oakleaf Hydrangea
Hydrangea quercifolia 'Alice'	
Hydrangea quercifolia 'Munchkin'	
Hydrangea quercifolia 'Pee Wee'	
Hydrangea quercifolia 'Snow Queen'	
Hypericum calycinum	Aaron's Beard St. Johnswort
Iberis sempervirens	
Ilex cornuta 'Burfordii'	Burford Holly
Ilex crenata	Japanese Holly
Ilex crenata 'Soft Touch'	
Ilex crenata 'Hetzii'	

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Ilex glabra</i>	Inkberry
<i>Ilex glabra</i> 'Shamrock'	
<i>Ilex opaca</i>	American Holly
<i>Ilex opaca</i> 'Greenleaf'	Greenleaf American Holly
<i>Ilex opaca</i> 'Maryland Dwarf'	
<i>Ilex opaca</i> 'Red Velvet'	Red Velvet American Holly
<i>Ilex</i> spp.	Holly
<i>Ilex verticillata</i>	Winterberry Holly
<i>Ilex verticillata</i> 'Jim Dandy'	
<i>Ilex verticillata</i> 'Red Sprite'	
<i>Ilex verticillata</i> 'Southern Gentleman'	
<i>Ilex verticillata</i> 'Winter Red'	Winter Red Winterberry Holly
<i>Ilex x aquifolium</i> 'Centennial Girl'	Centennial Girl Holly
<i>Ilex x aquipernyi</i> 'Meschick'	Dragon Lady Holly
<i>Ilex x attenuata</i> 'Fosteri'	Foster Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Dr. Kassab'	Dr. Kassab Holly
<i>Ilex x koehneana</i> 'Yule Brite'	Yule Brite Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Mary Nell'	Mary Nell Holly
<i>Ilex x meserveae</i> 'Blue Maid'	
<i>Ilex x meserveae</i> 'Nellie R. Stevens'	Nellie Stevens Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Oakleaf'	Oakleaf Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Robin'	Robin Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Scepter'	Scepter Holly
<i>Ilex x</i> 'Sparkleberry'	
<i>Illicium parviflorum</i>	
<i>Itea virginica</i>	
<i>Itea virginica</i> 'Henry's Garnet'	
<i>Itea virginica</i> 'Little Henry'	
<i>Jasminum nudiflorum</i>	
<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut
<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>	Chinese Juniper

Scientific Name	Common Name
Juniperus chinensis 'Robusta Green'	Robusta Green Juniper
Juniperus communis 'Compressa'	
Juniperus procumbens 'Nana'	
Juniperus spp.	Juniper
Juniperus virginiana	Eastern Redcedar
Juniperus virginiana 'Burkii'	Burkii Eastern Redcedar
Juniperus virginiana 'Canaertii'	Canaertii Eastern Redcedar
Juniperus virginiana 'Emerald Sentinel'	Emerald Sentinel Cedar
Juniperus x pfitzeriana 'Pfitzeriana Glauca'	Blue Pfitzer Juniper
Kalmia latifolia	Mountain-Laurel
Koelreuteria paniculata	Goldenraintree
Lagerstroemia indica 'Burgundy Cotton'	
Lagerstroemia indica	Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Catawba'	Catawba Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Centennial Spirit'	Centennial Spirit Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Cherry Dazzle'	
Lagerstroemia indica 'Diamond Dazzle'	
Lagerstroemia indica 'Dynamite'	Dynamite Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Muskogee'	Muskogee Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Snow Dazzle'	
Lagerstroemia x 'Acoma'	
Lagerstroemia x 'Chickasaw'	
Lagerstroemia x 'Miami'	Miami Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia x 'Natchez'	Natchez Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia x 'Pocomoke'	
Lagerstroemia x 'Tuscarora'	Tuscarrora Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia x 'White Chocolate'	
Larix kaempferi	Japanese Larch
Leucothoe fontanesiana	Drooping Leucothoe
Ligustrum japonicum	Japanese Privet
Ligustrum japonicum 'Texanum'	Texas Privet

Scientific Name	Common Name
Lindera benzoin	
Liquidambar styraciflua	American Sweetgum
Liquidambar styraciflua 'Cherokee'	Cherokee Sweetgum
Liquidambar styraciflua 'Gold Dust'	Gold Dust Sweetgum
Liquidambar styraciflua 'Rotundiloba'	Seedless Sweetgum
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar
Lonicera spp.	Honeysuckle
Maackia amurensis	Amur Maackia
Maclura pomifera	Osage Orange
Magnolia acuminata	Cucumbertree Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora	Southern Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora 'Bracken's Brown'	Bracken's Brown Beauty Southern Magn
Magnolia grandiflora 'D.D.Blanchard'	D.D.Blanchard Southern Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora 'Little Gem'	Little Gem Magnolia
Magnolia kobus	Kobus Magnolia
Magnolia macrophylla	Bigleaf Magnolia
Magnolia salicifolia 'Wada's Memory'	Wada's Memory Magnolia
Magnolia spp.	Magnolia
Magnolia stellata	Star Magnolia
Magnolia stellata 'Centennial'	Centennial Star Magnolia
Magnolia stellata 'Rosea'	Pink Star Magnolia
Magnolia stellata 'Royal Star'	Royal Star Magnolia
Magnolia tripetala	Umbrella Magnolia
Magnolia virginiana	Sweet Bay Magnolia
Magnolia virginiana 'Moonglow'	Moon Glow Sweetbay Magnolia
Magnolia x 'Betty'	Betty Little Girl Magnolia
Magnolia x brooklynensis 'Yellow Bird'	Yellowbird Magnolia
Magnolia x 'Butterflies'	Butterflies Magnolia
Magnolia x 'Jane'	Jane Little Girl Magnolia
Magnolia x loebneri 'Merrill'	Merrill Loebner Magnolia
Magnolia x soulangeana	Saucer Magnolia

Scientific Name	Common Name
Magnolia x soulangeana 'Lennei'	
Magnolia x 'Sunsation'	Sunsation Magnolia
Mahonia bealei	Leatherleaf Mahonia
Malus baccata 'Dolgo'	Siberian Crabapple
Malus floribunda	Japanese Crabapple
Malus halliana 'Adirondack'	Adirondack Crabapple
Malus halliana var. Parkmanii	Parkman Crabapple
Malus pumila	Paradise Apple
Malus spp.	Crabapple
Malus 'Sutyzam' Sugar Tyme	Sugar Tyme Crabapple
Malus x 'Katherine'	Katherine Crabapple
Malus x 'Prairiefire'	Prairiefire Crabapple
Metasequoia glyptostroboides	Dawn Redwood
Microbiota decussata	
Morella cerifera	
Morella pensylvanica	
Morus alba	White Mulberry
Morus rubra	Red Mulberry
Nyssa ogeche	Ogeechee Tupelo
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Tupelo
Nyssa sylvatica 'Red Rage'	Red Rage Black Tupelo
Nyssa sylvatica 'Wildfire'	Wildfire Black Tupelo
Osmanthus heterophyllus	False-Holly
Ostrya virginiana	Hophornbeam
Oxydendrum arboreum	Sourwood
Paeonia suffruticosa	
Parrotia persica	Persian Ironwood
Parrotia persica 'Ruby Red'	Ruby Red Parrotia
Paulownia tomentosa	Royal Paulownia
Phellodendron amurense	Amur Corktree
Philadelphus coronarius	Sweet Mockorange

Scientific Name	Common Name
Photinia villosa	Oriental photinia
Physocarpus opulifolius 'Diabolo'	
Picea abies	Norway Spruce
Picea glauca	White Spruce
Picea glauca var. albertiana f. conica	Dwarf Alberta Spruce
Picea omorika	Serbian Spruce
Picea pungens	Colorado Spruce
Picea pungens 'Bizon Blue'	Bizon Blue Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens 'Fat Albert'	Fat Albert Colorado Spruce
Picea pungens glauca	Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens 'Hoopsii'	Hoopsii Colorado Blue Spruce
Pieris japonica	Japanese Pieris
Pieris japonica 'Dorothy Wycoff'	
Pieris japonica 'Scarlet O'Hara'	
Pinus bungeana	Lacebark Pine
Pinus cembra	Swiss Stone Pine
Pinus flexilis 'Vanderwolf's Pyramid'	Vanderwolf's Pine
Pinus heldreichii	Bosnian Pine
Pinus koraiensis	Korean Pine
Pinus mugo	Mugo Pine
Pinus nigra	Austrian Pine
Pinus nigra 'Arnold Sentinel'	Arnold Sentinel Austrian Pine
Pinus palustris	Longleaf Pine
Pinus parviflora 'Glauca'	Japanese White Pine
Pinus peuce	Macedonian Pine
Pinus resinosa	Red Pine
Pinus strobus	Eastern White Pine
Pinus strobus 'Pendula'	Weeping White Pine
Pinus taeda	Loblolly Pine
Pinus thunbergii	Japanese Black Pine
Pinus virginiana	Scrub Pine

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Pinus wallichiana</i> 'Prairie Giant'	Prairie Giant Himilayan Pine
<i>Pistacia chinensis</i>	Chinese Pistache
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	Sycamore
<i>Platanus x acerifolia</i>	London Planetree
<i>Platanus x acerifolia</i> 'Bloodgood'	Bloodgood London Plane
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Eastern Cottonwood
<i>Prunus avium</i>	Sweet Cherry
<i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> 'Otto Luyken'	Otto Luyken Laurel
<i>Prunus mume</i>	Japanese Apricot
<i>Prunus sargentii</i>	Sargent Cherry
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Black Cherry
<i>Prunus serrulata</i>	Oriental Cherry
<i>Prunus serrulata</i> 'Fugenzo'	Japanese Flowering Cherry
<i>Prunus serrulata</i> 'Kwanzan'	Kwanzan Cherry
<i>Prunus</i> spp.	Cherry
<i>Prunus subhirtella</i> 'Autumnalis'	Autumn Flowering Cherry
<i>Prunus subhirtella pendula</i>	Weeping Cherry
<i>Prunus subhirtella</i> 'Pendula Plena Rosea'	Rosea Weeping Cherry
<i>Prunus subhirtella</i> var. <i>ascendens</i>	Weeping Cherry Ascendens
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> 'Canada Red'	Canada Red Chokecherry
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> 'Shubert'	Shubert Chokecherry
<i>Prunus x</i> 'Accolade'	Accolade Flowering Cherry
<i>Prunus x</i> <i>incam</i> 'Okame'	Okame Cherry
<i>Prunus x</i> 'Snofozam'	Snow Fountain Weeping Cherry
<i>Prunus x yedoensis</i>	Yoshino Cherry
<i>Prunus x yedoensis</i> 'Akebono'	Akebono Cherry
<i>Pseudolarix amabilis</i>	Golden Larch
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Douglas Fir
<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i>	Scarlet Firethorn
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>	Callery Pear
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i> 'Aristocrat'	Aristocrat Callery Pear

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i> 'Bradford'	Bradford Callery Pear
<i>Pyrus</i> spp.	Pear
<i>Quercus acutissima</i>	Sawtooth Oak
<i>Quercus alba</i>	White Oak
<i>Quercus bicolor</i>	Swamp White Oak
<i>Quercus coccinea</i>	Scarlet Oak
<i>Quercus dentata</i>	Japanese Oak
<i>Quercus falcata</i>	Southern Red Oak
<i>Quercus frainetto</i> 'Forest Green'	Hungarian Oak
<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	Shingle Oak
<i>Quercus laurifolia</i>	Laurel Oak
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	Overcup Oak
<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>	Bur Oak
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	Swamp Chestnut Oak
<i>Quercus montana</i>	Chestnut Oak
<i>Quercus muelhenbergii</i>	Chickapin Oak
<i>Quercus nigra</i>	Water Oak
<i>Quercus nuttallii</i>	Nuttall Oak
<i>Quercus nuttallii</i> 'Highpoint'	Highpoint Nuttall Oak
<i>Quercus pagoda</i>	Cherrybark Oak
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	Pin Oak
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	Willow Oak
<i>Quercus robur</i>	English Oak
<i>Quercus robur</i> 'Fastigiata'	Columnar English Oak
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	Red Oak
<i>Quercus shumardii</i>	Shumard Oak
<i>Quercus</i> spp.	Oak
<i>Quercus stellata</i>	Post Oak
<i>Quercus velutina</i>	Black Oak
<i>Quercus x macdanielli</i> 'Heritage'	Heritage Oak
<i>Quercus x saulii</i>	Saul's Oak

Scientific Name	Common Name
Rhododendron 'Girard's Crimson'	
Rhododendron 'Blaauw's Pink'	
Rhododendron catawbiense	Catawba Rhododendron
Rhododendron 'Coral Bells'	
Rhododendron 'Corsage'	
Rhododendron 'Delaware Valley White'	
Rhododendron 'Helen Curtis'	
Rhododendron 'Herbert'	
Rhododendron 'Karen'	
Rhododendron 'Lee's Dark Purple'	
Rhododendron 'Olga Mezitt'	
Rhododendron 'P.J.M Elite'	
Rhododendron 'P.J.M.'	
Rhododendron periclymenoides	
Rhododendron 'Pleasant White'	
Rhododendron 'Roseum Elegans'	
Rhododendron spp.	Rhododendron
Rhododendron spp.	Azalea
Rhododendron 'Tradition'	
Rhododendron x Encore 'Autumn Angel'	
Rhododendron x Encore 'Autumn Carnat	
Rhododendron x Encore 'Autumn Ember	
Rhododendron x Encore 'Autumn Empre	
Rhododendron x Encore 'Autumn Moonl	
Rhododendron yedoense var. poukhane	
Rhus aromatica 'Gro-Low'	
Rhus copallina	
Rhus typhina 'Tiger Eyes'	
Robinia pseudoacacia	Black Locust
Rosa 'Appleblossom'	
Rosa 'Julia Child'	

Scientific Name	Common Name
Rosa 'Meijocos'	
Rosa spp.	Rose
Rosa spp. 'Bonica'	Bonica Shrub Rose
Rosa x 'Memorial Day'	Memorial Day Rose
Rosa x 'Veterans Honor'	Veterans Honor Rose
Rosmarinus officinalis 'Arp'	
Salix alba	White Willow
Salix alba 'Tristis'	Niobe Willow
Salix babylonica	Weeping Willow
Sambucus racemosa 'Sutherland Gold'	
Sarcococca hookeriana var. humilis	
Sassafras albidum	Sassafras
Sciadopitys verticillata	Japanese Umbrella Pine
Sorbus alnifolia	Korean Mountainash
Spiraea japonica 'Little Princess'	
Spiraea japonica 'Neon Flash'	
Spiraea japonica 'Shibori'	
Spiraea spp.	Spiraea
Spirea nipponica 'Snowmound'	
Spirea x bumalda	
Stewartia koreana	Korean Stewartia
Stewartia monadelphica	Tall Stewartia
Stewartia pseudocamellia	Japanese Stewartia
Styphnolobium japonicum	Japanese Pagoda Tree
Styrax japonicus	Japanese Snowbell
Styrax obassia	Fragrant Snowbell
Syringa pekinensis 'Morton'	China Snow Peking Lilac
Syringa pubescens subsp. patula 'Miss Ki	
Syringa reticulata 'Ivory Silk'	Japanese Tree Lilac
Taxodium ascendens	Pond Cypress
Taxodium distichum	Bald Cypress

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Taxus baccata</i>	English Yew
<i>Taxus baccata</i> 'Repandens'	Dwarf Spreading English Yew
<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>	Japanese Yew
<i>Taxus</i> spp.	Yew
<i>Taxus x media</i> 'Densiformis'	
<i>Taxus x media</i> 'Hicksii'	Hicks Yew
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Eastern Arborvitae
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> 'Elegantissima'	Arborvitae Elegantissima'
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> 'Holmstrup'	
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> 'Pyramidalis'	Pyramidal Eastern Arborvitae
<i>Thuja orientalis</i>	Oriental Arborvitae
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Western Redcedar
<i>Thuja plicata</i> 'Green Giant'	Green Giant Western Red Cedar
<i>Tilia americana</i>	American Basswood
<i>Tilia americana</i> 'Redmond'	Redmond American Basswood
<i>Tilia cordata</i>	Little Leaf Linden
<i>Tilia cordata</i> 'Greenspire'	Greenspire Linden
<i>Tilia tomentosa</i>	Silver Linden
<i>Tilia tomentosa</i> 'Green Mountain'	Silver Linden 'Green Mountain'
<i>Tilia tomentosa</i> 'Sterling'	Sterling Silver Linden
<i>Tilia x flavescens</i> 'Glenleven'	Glenleven Linden
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Canadian Hemlock
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> 'Albospica'	Albospica Hemlock
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> 'Moon Frost'	Moon Frost Hemlock
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i> 'Summer Snow'	Summer Snow Hemlock
<i>Ulmus alata</i>	Winged Elm
<i>Ulmus americana</i>	American Elm
<i>Ulmus americana</i> 'Delaware'	Delaware American Elm
<i>Ulmus americana</i> 'Jefferson'	Jefferson American Elm
<i>Ulmus americana</i> 'Liberty'	Liberty American Elm
<i>Ulmus americana</i> 'Valley Forge'	Valley Forge American Elm

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Scotch Elm
<i>Ulmus glabra camperdownii</i>	Camperdown Elm
<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i>	Lacebark Elm
<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> 'Bosque'	Bosque Elm
<i>Ulmus procera</i>	English Elm
<i>Ulmus propinqua</i> 'Emerald Sunshine'	Emerald Sunshine Elm
<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	Siberian Elm
<i>Ulmus</i> spp.	Elm
<i>Ulmus</i> x 'Homestead'	Homestead Elm
<i>Ulmus</i> x 'Patriot'	Patriot Elm
<i>Vaccinium angustifolium</i> 'Brunswick'	
<i>Viburnum</i> × <i>rhytidophylloides</i> 'Alleghan	
<i>Viburnum carlesii</i>	
<i>Viburnum carlesii</i> 'Compactum'	
<i>Viburnum davidii</i>	
<i>Viburnum dentatum</i>	
<i>Viburnum dentatum</i> 'Blue Muffin'	
<i>Viburnum dentatum</i> 'Chicago Lustre'	
<i>Viburnum dilatatum</i>	Linden Viburnum
<i>Viburnum macrocephalum</i> 'Sterile'	
<i>Viburnum nudum</i> 'Brandywine'	
<i>Viburnum nudum</i> 'Winterthur'	
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	European Cranberrybush Viburnum
<i>Viburnum plicatum</i>	Japanese Snowball
<i>Viburnum plicatum</i> f. <i>plicatum</i> 'Snowbal	
<i>Viburnum plicatum</i> f. <i>tomentosum</i>	Doublefile Viburnum (shrub)
<i>Viburnum plicatum</i> f. <i>tomentosum</i> 'Shas	
<i>Viburnum prunifolium</i>	Blackhaw Viburnum
<i>Viburnum rhytidophyllum</i>	Lantanaphyllum Viburnum
<i>Viburnum</i> spp.	Viburnum
<i>Viburnum utile</i> 'Eskimo'	

Scientific Name	Common Name
Viburnum x burkwoodii	
Weigela florida	Old Fashioned Weigela
Weigela florida 'Elvera'	Midnight Wine
Weigela florida 'Wine and Roses'	
Wisteria floribunda	Japanese Wisteria
Wisteria sinensis	Chinese Wisteria
x Cupressocyparis leylandii	Leyland Cypress
x Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Gold Ryder'	Gold Rider Leyland Cypress
Zelkova serrata	Japanese Zelkova
Zelkova serrata 'Green Vase'	Green Vase Zelkova
Zelkova serrata 'Village Green'	Village Green Zelkova

APPENDIX B:

MEMORIAL TREES AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY



Tree #1, Section 18: American-Armenian Volunteers at Argonne – Southern Magnolia
Dedicated April 28, 1985



Tree #2, Section 48: American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated November 9, 1990



Tree #3, Section 46: Veterans of the Battle of the Bulge – Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated December 16, 1986



Tree #4, Section 59: Beirut Victims of Terrorism – Cedar-of-Lebanon
Dedicated October 23, 1984
Replaced May 1, 2015



Tree #5, Section 27: U.S. Colored Troops and Freed Slaves – Red Maple
Dedicated October 11, 1991



Tree #6, Section 35: Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America – Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated October 14, 1987



Tree #7, Section 1: Daughters of American Colonists – White Oak
Dedicated April 8, 1990



Tree #8, Section 48: 82nd Airborne Division – Austrian Pine
Dedicated July 4, 1990



**Tree #9, Section 33: 56th Field Artillery
Battalion, 8th Infantry Division – Red Maple
Dedicated June 1991**



**Tree #13, Section 35: Gilbert Azaleas –
Azalea species
Dedicated 1988**



**Tree #10, Near the Memorial Amphitheater:
508th Parachute Infantry Regiment –
Colorado Blue Spruce
Dedicated October 20, 1982**



**Tree #14, Section 33: Glider Pilots,
WWII – Red Maple
Dedicated November 9, 1996**



**Tree #11, Section 48: 511th Parachute
Infantry Regiment – Yoshino Cherry
Dedicated July 6, 1990**



**Tree #15, Section 8: Native
Americans – Eastern Cottonwood
Dedicated November 10, 1986**



**Tree #12, Section 33: 551st Parachute
Infantry Battalion – Northern Red Oak
Dedicated July 6, 1990**



**Tree #16, Section 60: USS Iowa
Victims – Eastern Redbud
Dedicated April 20, 1990
Replaced April 1, 2009**



**Tree #17, Section 48: Jumping Mustangs –
Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated July 5, 1990
Replaced November 6, 1992**



**Tree #18, Near the Korean War
Contemplative Bench: Korean
War Dead – Korean Mountain
Ash
Dedicated June 15, 1989**



**Tree #19, Near the Korean War
Contemplative Bench: Korean
War Vets – Korean Pine
Dedicated October 17, 1989**



**Tree #20, Near the Memorial
Amphitheater: Mother of the
Unknown Soldier – River Birch
Dedicated May 8, 1932**



**Tree #21, Section 48: Naval Order of
the U.S. – Colorado Blue Spruce
Dedicated May 1988**



**Tree #22, Section 31: 199th Light
Infantry Brigade – Shumard Oak
Dedicated November 9, 1991
Replaced November 1, 2007**



**Tree #23, Section 24: Polish Legion of
American Vets – Littleleaf Linden
Dedicated April 24, 1975**



**Tree #24, Near the Memorial
Amphitheater: Pearl Harbor –
Littleleaf Linden
Dedicated December 7, 1983**



Tree #25, Section 32: 144th Army Postal Unit – Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated July 11, 1991



Tree #29, Near the Memorial Amphitheater: Schweinfurt – Northern Red Oak
Dedicated October 14, 1980
Replaced November 5, 2010



Tree #26, Near the Memorial Amphitheater: POW/MIA (No Greater Love) – Autumn Brilliance Serviceberry
Dedicated April 9, 1983
Replaced 2006



Tree #30, Near the Administration Building: Take Pride in America Grove – Pin Oak
Dedicated May 31, 1990



Tree #27, Near the Memorial Amphitheater: Military Order of the Purple Heart – Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated May 30, 1984



Tree #31, Section 46: 385th Bomb Group, 8th Air Force, WWII – Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry
Dedicated 1986



Tree #28, Section 31: Reuben Tucker Chapter, 82nd Airborne – Red Maple
Dedicated May 1, 1992



Tree #32, Section 30: Air Force Arlington Ladies – Swamp White Oak
Dedicated 1983



**Tree #33, Section 28: Vietnam
(No Greater Love) – 'October Glory' Red Maple
Dedicated November 10, 1991**



**Tree #37, Section 34: World War I –
Hoopsii Blue Spruce
Dedicated November 11, 1989**



**Tree #34, Section 48: VFW Ladies
Auxiliary – Colorado Blue Spruce
Dedicated March 5, 1979**



**Tree #38, Section 36: World War II –
Sugar Maple
Dedicated December 8, 1991**



**Tree #35, Section 46: War
Correspondents – Willow Oak
Dedicated October 7, 1986**



**Tree #39, Section 60: Persian Gulf –
Willow Oak
Dedicated February 28, 1992**



**Tree #36, Section 35: American
War Mothers – Blue Atlas Cedar
Dedicated May 29, 1993**



**Tree #40, Section 37: National
Order of Battlefield Commissions –
Red Maple
Dedicated April 8, 1992**



**TREE #41, Section 2:
China/Burma/India Veterans – Pin Oak
Dedicated October 10, 1992**



**TREE #45, Section 31: 23rd Infantry
Regiment – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated 1994
Replaced May 25, 2016**



**TREE #42, Section 31: Frogmen
Underwater Demolition Team –
Red Maple
Dedicated April 10, 1992**



**TREE #46, Section 2: Gold Star
Mothers – Blue Atlas Cedar
Dedicated April 3 1993**



**TREE #43, Section 31: Amphibious
Scouts and Raiders, WWII – Red Maple**



**TREE #47, Section 32: 104th
Timberwolf Division, WWII – Yoshino
Cherry**



**TREE #44, Section 33: Civil Air
Patrol – Red Maple
Dedicated December 1, 1993**



**TREE #48, Section 12: Military Order of
the World Wars – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated May 22, 1993**



**TREE #49, Section 31: National Daughters of the American Revolution – Red Maple
Dedicated October 11, 1993**



**TREE #53, Section 2: Khe Sanh Veterans – Ginkgo
Dedicated July 2, 1993**



**TREE #50, Section 2: Airborne 50th Anniversary – Red Maple
Dedicated June 14, 1993**



**TREE #54, Section 2: EX-POWs Korean War – Red Maple
Planted July 28, 1993
Replaced October 22, 2012**



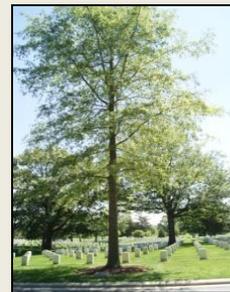
**TREE #51, Section 7A: Rakkasans 187th Airborne – Willow Oak
Dedicated June 14, 1993**



**TREE #55, Section 7: 82nd Airborne Golden Brigade – Red Maple
Dedicated November 11, 1993**



**TREE #52, Section 21: 4th Infantry (Ivy) Division – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated July 1, 1993
Replaced April 1, 2008**



**TREE #56, Section 12: Swiss Internees – Willow Oak
Dedicated May 13, 1994**



**TREE #57, Section 12: USS Houston and HMAS Perth – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated March 5, 1994**



**TREE #61, Section 30: Arlington Daughters of the American Revolution – Sugar Maple
Dedicated April 27, 1995**



TREE #58, Section 48: 416th Bombardment Group – Kwanzan Japanese Flowering Cherry



**TREE #62, Near Kearny Monument: Medal of Honor Grove – Chinese Elm
Dedicated 1992**



**TREE #59, Section 54: National Arborist Association – White Oak
Dedicated October 16, 1993**



**TREE #63, Section 33: 13th Airborne Division – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated August 13, 1995**



**TREE #60, Section 33: 17th Airborne Division – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated 1993**



**TREE #64, Section 34: Navy Arlington Ladies – Pink Flowering Dogwood
Originally Dedicated: 1995 (Beech)
Replaced: 2013**



TREE #65, Section 2: Military Chaplains – Ginkgo
Dedicated July 29, 1995



TREE #69, Section 46: 94th Infantry Division – American Sweetgum
Dedicated May 8, 1995



TREE #66, Section 2: 454th Bombardment Group – Pin Oak
Dedicated September 18, 1994



TREE #70, Section 24: Danish Fight for Freedom Grove – English Oak
Dedicated May 10, 1995



TREE #67, Section 2: 455th Bombardment Group – Pin Oak
Dedicated 1996



TREE #71, Section 23: 555th Parachute Infantry Division – Eastern Hemlock
Dedicated August 16, 1995



TREE #68, Section 46: 1st Armored (Old Ironsides) Division – Eastern White Pine
Dedicated August 3, 1995



TREE #72, Section 23: Buffalo Soldiers, 92nd Infantry – Red Maple
Dedicated October 8, 1994



**TREE #73, Section 13: Rangers
Advisors – Southern Magnolia
Dedicated November 12, 1995**



**TREE #77, Section 46: Landing Craft Support
Ships (LCS[L] 1-130) – Willow Oak
Dedicated August 26, 1994**



**TREE #74, Section 13: Merrill's
Marauders, 5307th Composite –
Hybrid Elm**



**TREE #78, Section 13: Army Air Force
Orchestra (Glenn Miller) – American Holly
Dedicated December 15, 1994 on the 50th
Anniversary of Glenn Miller's death.**



**TREE #75, Section 13: Russian
Orthodox Church – Southern
Magnolia
Dedicated September, 1994**



**TREE #79, Section 7A: American Soviet Link
Up, Elbe River – Heritage River Birch
Dedicated April 8, 1995 on the 50th
Anniversary of the Link Up
Replaced April 2002**



**TREE #76, Section 13: Army
Arlington Ladies – American Holly
Dedicated May 12, 1995**



**TREE #80, Section 60: Operation Restore
Hope (Somalia) – American Sweetgum
Dedicated October 3, 1994
Replaced March 20, 2011**



**TREE #81, Section 54: Nagata Japanese
Cherry Trees – Japanese Flowering
Cherry
Dedicated April 1994**



**TREE #85, Section 48: Retired Officers
Association – Pin Oak
Dedicated April 24, 1996**



**TREE #82, Section 46: Special Operations –
Northern Red Oak
Dedicated October 15, 1995**



**TREE #86, Section 31: America the
Beautiful Grove – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated May 7, 1996**



**TREE #83, Section 13: Operation Tiger –
Eastern White Pine
Dedicated November 10, 1995
Replaced 2014**



**TREE #87, Section 12: El Salvador – White
Oak
Dedicated May 5, 1996**



**TREE #84, Section 46: Tuskegee Airmen –
Sugar Maple
Dedicated November 10, 1995**



**TREE #88, Section 9: 487th Bombardment
Group – American Holly
Dedicated October 26, 1996**



**TREE #89, Section 33: 484th
Bombardment Group – Ginkgo
Dedicated September 12, 1997**



**TREE #93, Section 33: 503rd Parachute
Regimental Combat Team – Southern Magnolia
Dedicated June 25, 1997**



**TREE #90, Section 7: 325th Glider
Regiment – Sugar Maple
Dedicated November 9, 1996**



**TREE #94, Section 33: USS Underhill – Black Tupelo
Dedicated July 24, 1997**



**TREE #91, Section 23: Montford Point
Marines – Eastern White Pine
Dedicated November 15, 1996**



**TREE #95, Section 2: 93rd Bombardment Group –
American Holly**



**TREE #92, Section 2: Laotian
Counterparts – Atlas Cedar
Dedicated May 15, 1997**



**TREE #96, Section 33: 505th Parachute Regimental
Combat Team – Japanese Zelkova
Dedicated November 9, 1997
Replaced August 15, 2011**



**TREE #97, Section 33: 1st Cavalry
Division – Red Maple
November 9, 1997**



**TREE #101, Section 33: 173rd Airborne Brigade
(Sky Soldiers) – Red Maple
Dedicated May 2, 1998**



**TREE #98, Section 33: American Ex-Prisoners
of War – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated November 10, 1997**



**TREE #102, Section 3: 423rd Army Field Artillery –
Sugar Maple**



**TREE #99, Section 7: 63rd Infantry Division –
Pin Oak
Dedicated November 19, 1997**



**TREE #103, Section 7: Marshall Plan
Anniversary – Swamp White Oak
Dedicated June 5, 1997 on the 50th
Anniversary of the Marshall Plan**



**TREE #100, Section 33: US Navy Cruiser
Association – Red Maple
Dedicated April 25, 1998**



**TREE #104, Section 22: 9th and 10th U.S. Cavalry
Association (Buffalo Soldiers) – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated June 1, 1998
Replaced March 1, 2012**



**TREE #105, Section 7: 5th Regimental
Combat Team – Tulip Tree
Dedicated July 27, 1998
Replaced December 7, 2012**



**TREE #109, Section 3: USS LST Association – Willow
Oak
Dedicated September 5, 1998**



**TREE #106, Section 6: USS Frank E.
Evans Association – Saucer Magnolia
Dedicated August 29, 1998**



**TREE #110, Section 12: Catholic War Veterans –
Pin Oak
Dedicated November 10, 1998**



**TREE #107, Section 2: Navy Mess
Stewards (Unit K-West and B-East) –
Atlas Cedar
Dedicated September 18, 1998**



**TREE #111, Section 37: 83rd Infantry Division –
Flowering Dogwood
Dedicated June 6, 1999
Replaced November 1, 2008**



**TREE #108, Section 6: Berlin Airlift
Veterans – Sugar Maple
Dedicated September 29, 1998**



**TREE #112, Section 34: 461st Bomb Group Division –
Goldenrain tree
Dedicated June 21, 1999**



**TREE #113, Section 34: USS Canberra Association – Japanese Maple
Dedicated September 18, 1999**



**TREE #117, Section 34: 100th Infantry Division – Red Maple
Dedicated December 9, 1999**



**TREE #114, Section 12: USS Salem Association – Northern Red Oak
Dedicated October 2, 1999**



**TREE #118, Section 34: 8th Air Force Association – Red Maple
Dedicated January 24, 2000**



**TREE #115, Section 34, Quartermaster Corps Association – Japanese Maple
Dedicated October 18, 1999**



**TREE #119, Section 3: 16th Infantry Regiment Association – Common Crape Myrtle
Dedicated May 6, 2000**



**TREE #116, Section 34: 96th Infantry Association – Red Maple
Dedicated November 19, 1999**



**TREE #120, Section 34: 446th Bomb Group – Sugar Maple
Dedicated May 19, 2000**



**TREE #121, Section 1: Lexington Minute Men – Eastern Hemlock
Dedicated June 10, 2000
Replaced May 10, 2016**



TREE #125, Section 25: 1st Marine Division Association – Blue Atlas Cedar



**TREE #122, Section 47: Vietnamese Airborne Regiment – Red Maple
Dedicated June 18, 2000**



**TREE #126, Section 3: 1254 Air Transport Group – Red Maple
Dedicated October 30, 1999**



**TREE #123, Section 21: Task Force Smith – Yoshino Cherry
Dedicated June 28, 2000**



TREE #127, Section 34: 319th Bomb Group Association – Red Maple



TREE #124, Section 34: Americal Division – Red Maple



**TREE #128, Section 34: 174th Field Artillery Battalion – Red Maple
Dedicated 2000**



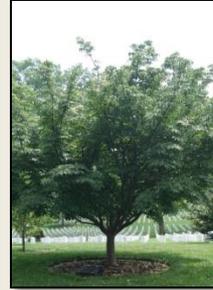
**TREE #129, Section 51: African Embassy
Bombing Victims (State Department) –
Tulip Tree
Dedicated June 19, 2000
Replaced April 1, 2008**



**TREE #133, Section 37: 2nd U.S. Infantry Division –
American Holly**



**TREE #130, Section 21: 65th Infantry
Division – Sugar Maple
Dedicated September 20, 2000**



**TREE #134, Section 35: 3rd U.S. Infantry Regiment
“The Old Guard” – Kousa Dogwood
Dedicated October 4, 1998**



**TREE #131, Section 2: Flying Tigers –
White Oak
Dedicated September 2, 1995 on the
50th Anniversary of VJ Day**



**TREE #135, Section 9: 11th Airborne Division –
Red Maple
Dedicated November 9, 1998**



**TREE #132, Section 12: Navy Bombing
Squad VB 104 – Shumard Oak
Planted 1996**



**TREE #136, Section 26: Pacific Island Americans –
Downy Serviceberry
Dedicated May 27, 2001**



**TREE #137, Section 3: The Peace
Maker – Blue Atlas Cedar
Dedicated December 1999**



**TREE #141, Section 13: U.S. Army Reserves –
October Glory Red Maple
Dedicated April 23, 2008**



**TREE #138, Section 21: African American
Korean War Vets – Sawtooth Oak
Dedicated July 23, 2001**



**TREE #142, Section 48: USS Boston Shipmates –
Nuttall Oak
Planted October 14, 2009
Replaced May 16, 2012**



**TREE #139, Section 55: Military Police –
Southern Magnolia
Dedicated September 2004**



**TREE #140, Section 55: Victims of Terrorism
– Southern Magnolia
Dedicated 2004**

Appendix C
Medal of Honor Trees

MEMORIAL TREES AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY

Medal of Honor Recipients

There are 36 Memorial Trees located in Arlington National Cemetery as a living tribute to the nation's Medal of Honor recipients. Each tree is a descendent of the historic trees listed below.



TREE #1, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Martin Luther King, Jr. Water Oak

The Martin Luther King Jr. Water Oak is part of a grove of water oaks located next to the Brown Chapel African Methodist Episcopal Church, located in Selma, Ala. Gathering under the shade of these trees, people listened to the Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr. speak before a 50-mile march to Montgomery in support of the bus boycott, a movement begun by Rosa Parks in 1955.



TREE #2, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: National Champion Crape Myrtle

In 1920, Hattie Neal, daughter of Captain John Neal, dug a small crape myrtle tree from the yard of relatives in Paris, Ky. and planted it in the front yard of her family's home in McIntosh, Fla. Since 1920, Hattie Neal's crape myrtle has grown to become the National Champion Crape Myrtle — the largest of its species in the nation.



TREE #3, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Robert E. Lee Sweetgum

Sweetgum trees were plentiful around Stratford Hall, the Westmoreland, Va., plantation that was home to four generations of Lees, among them Richard Henry Lee and Francis "Lightfoot" Lee, the only brothers to sign the Declaration of Independence, and Robert E. Lee, the commander-in-chief of the Confederate Army.



TREE #4, Section 13, near Memorial Section G: Ute Council Cottonwood

Chief Ouray was a well educated and powerful Native American speaker who promoted peace between the Utes tribe and white settlers. After the Meeker massacre in September 1879, he traveled to Washington, D.C. to plead the Utes' cause. The Cottonwood tree, located in Delta, Colo, shaded the peace meetings between the Utes and settlers.



TREE #5, Section 13, near Memorial Section G: Charter Oak

The Charter Oak was the most well-known and celebrated tree in Connecticut, estimated to have been between 800 and 1000 years old, before falling during a storm. This tree is a generation descendant of the original old white oak, considered by many to be a symbol of the spirit of American independence and of the colonists' quest for freedom from oppression.



TREE #6, Section 13, near Memorial Section G: Nathan Hale Northern Red Oak

Nathan Hale was a captain in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War. After his capture by the British and confession of being a spy, he was hanged, purportedly uttering the now famous words, "I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country." The red oak shaded his childhood home.



TREE #7, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Tidal Basin Japanese Cherry

In 1909, Japanese Emperor Mutsuhito and the Tokyo Municipal Council gifted 2,000 Japanese Cherry Tree saplings to America. Unfortunately, the original trees did not survive. When the second shipment of 3,000 saplings arrived two years later, Helen Herron Taft, wife of President William Taft, along with the Japanese Ambassador's wife, planted the first two trees on March 29, 1912. Both the president and his wife are buried at Arlington in section 30.



TREE #8, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Columbus White Oak

Named for the Christopher Columbus, the man who spent years of his life charting the New World, the Columbus White Oak in New Hope, Pa., is estimated to be more than 500 years old.



TREE #9, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Jesse Owens Water Oak

A member of the U.S. track team in the 1936 Olympic Games, Jesse Owens became the first American to win three Olympic events. Later in life, he played an active role in youth athletic programs and in 1952 became secretary of the Illinois Athletic Commission. The white oak is located at Owens' boyhood home in Danville, Ala.



TREE #10, Section 2, near the Kearny Monument: Helen Keller Water Oak

When Helen Keller, who was both blind and deaf, was seven years old, Anne Sullivan, a graduate of The Perkins School for the Blind, began the extraordinary task of teaching her to communicate. In her book, "The Story of My Life," Keller recalls her study of nature by climbing trees in the yard of her home. While the exact tree remains a mystery, the more than 100-year-old Helen Keller Water Oak is believed to be the one she recalled.



TREE #11, Section 13, near gravesite MG-14: President Dwight D. Eisenhower Sycamore

In 1953, Dwight D. Eisenhower was elected the 34th President of the United States and was the first president to become a licensed pilot, appear on color television, and serve two terms as mandated by law. In 1961, Eisenhower and his wife retired to Gettysburg, Pa., where sycamores shaded their farm.



TREE #12, Section 13, near gravesite MG-80: Abe Lincoln Overcup Oak

In 1861, Abraham Lincoln was elected the 16th President of the United States and served during the Civil War, arguably the most divisive time in American history. Lincoln is credited with preserving the union of the United States. This tree is a descendent of the oak that shaded the Hardin County, Ky., home where Lincoln was born.



TREE #13, Section 37, near gravesite 158: Antietam Sycamore

The Antietam Sycamore stands in silent honor of the more than 23,000 lives lost in the Civil War battle of Antietam. It stands at the end of Burnside Bridge, where Union troops forced a crossing against the Confederate troops.



TREE #14, Section 37, near gravesite 83: Gettysburg American Sycamore

For three days beginning on July 1, 1863, three American Sycamores stood witness as Union and Confederate armies fought at Gettysburg, Pa. Four months later, President Abraham Lincoln delivered a short speech, that became known as the Gettysburg Address, at the dedication of the Soldiers' National Cemetery.



TREE #15, Section 13, near gravesite 908-1-A: Walden Woods Red Maple

This Walden Woods Red Maple has been grown from seeds of trees descended from those that shaded Henry David Thoreau's Walden Pond as part of the effort to preserve the Walden Woods for future generations.



TREE #16, Section 37, near gravesite 16: Henry Ford Estate Sycamore

In 1908, Henry Ford gained world attention with the Model T, the first mass-produced automobile in the world. Ford and his wife later sought privacy and solitude on more than 1,000 wooded acres outside Detroit on the Rouge River. This tree is a descendent of the sycamores located on the property.



**TREE #17, Section 13, near gravesite 14673-2: Charles Lindberg
Red Maple**

Charles A. Lindberg grew up in Little Falls, Minn. and is most remembered for his solo flight across the Atlantic Ocean from May 20 to 21, 1927. The Charles Lindberg Red Maple stands at his boyhood home in Little Falls.



**TREE# 18, Section 37, near gravesite 3906-1: Champion Hill
Southern Magnolia**

In the spring of 1863, Union General Ulysses S. Grant launched a campaign to seize the Confederate bastion of Vicksburg on the Mississippi River. The battle took place at Champion Hill, where Confederate forces were driven back toward the defenses of Vicksburg. After a siege of more than a month, Vicksburg fell to Union troops. The Champion Hill Southern Magnolias stood in the yard of the Coker House near Champion Hill.



**TREE #19, Section 37, near gravesite 3906-1: George Washington
Carver Green Ash**

George Washington Carver was one of the country's leading scientists who spent the early part of his life as a slave. The tree was grown from seeds collected from the Tuskegee Institute at the National Memorial in Diamond, Mo., where Carver invented 325 products made from peanuts, 118 from sweet potatoes, and many others from wood shavings and other native Southern agricultural products.



**TREE #20, Section 37, near gravesite 3956: Lewis and Clark
Cottonwood**

On the evening of July 25, 1806, Meriwether Lewis and William Clark camped under trees near Cut Bank, Mont., with eight Blackfoot scouts. During a scuffle that night, two of the scouts were killed. The Lewis and Clark Cottonwood stands on the site of the encounter which began much hostility between white settlers and native tribes in the area.



TREE #21, Section 37, near gravesite 3949: Fort Atkinson Black

Locust

In 1804, Lewis and Clark met with members of the Missouri and Ohio tribes at a place they named Council Bluff. Fifteen years later, a fort commanded by Col. Henry Atkinson was established at the site. In 1823, the fort's second commander, Col. Henry H. Leavenworth, planted a grove of black locust trees at the fort. Today, those trees are located at Fort Atkinson Historical Park, Fort Calhoun, Neb.



TREE #22, Section 46, near gravesite 1379: Washington Crossing

Sycamore Maple

The Washington Crossing Sycamore Maple witnessed George Washington's famous Delaware River crossing in 1776.



TREE #23, Section 24, near gravesite 15751: Guilford Courthouse

White Oak

The Guilford Courthouse White Oak, located in North Carolina, stood witness to the fighting between colonists and the British during the Revolutionary War in 1781.



TREE #24, Section 13, near gravesite 14338-1: Montpelier Pignut

Hickory

The Montpelier Pignut Hickory shaded President James Madison's Montpelier, his estate in Orange County, Va. In addition to serving as president for two terms, he played a significant role in the development of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights.



TREE #25, Section 24, near gravesite 15765: Independence Hall Black

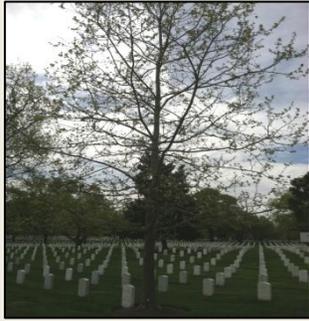
Locust

The Independence Hall Black Locust located at the entrance of the Independence Hall in Philadelphia, Pa., is a living witness to significant events in American history, including the meeting of the Second Continental Congress, the signing of the Declaration of Independence, and the writing of the Constitution of the United States.



TREE #26, Section 13, near gravesite 14150-2: Haines Apple

The Haines family was one of the earliest to settle in the Rogue River Valley of southwestern Oregon. An apple tree marks the site of the Haines cabin, built around the time of the Civil War.



TREE #27, Section 23, near gravesite 22716: Lafayette Sycamore

The 111-foot Lafayette Sycamore is located in the Brandywine Battlefield Park in Chadds Ford, Pa. The tree was already 168 years old when it sheltered the troops led by Generals George Washington and Marquis de Lafayette in the battle of Brandywine in 1777.



TREE #28, Section 13, near gravesite 14067: First Delicious Apple

In the 1870s, Jesse Hiatt was a hard-working Iowa pioneer who lived with his wife and ten children in a two-room farmhouse. One day, he noticed a chance seedling in his orchard. He kept watch over it, and about six years later, it produced its first apple named the "Delicious". Today, an offspring of the original tree grows on a farm near Winterset, Iowa.



TREE#29, Section 23, near gravesite 22229: Woodrow Wilson Red Oak

Woodrow Wilson was an author, scholar, university president, governor, and Nobel Peace Prize recipient in addition to being president. Despite popular opinion against U.S. involvement in the "European War," Wilson was forced to declare war when Germany sank four American ships. In 1918, he issued his "Fourteen Points," intended to bring peace to the world.



TREE #30, Section 23, near gravesite 21979: Harriet Beecher Stowe White Ash

Harriet Beecher Stowe, one of America's greatest novelists, was also an ardent opponent of slavery. Stowe is most remembered for her indictment of slavery in "Uncle Tom's Cabin, or Life Among the Lowly," which was published in 1852 and sold more than 500,000 copies in its first five years. This White Ash has been grown from seeds collected at Stowe's birthplace in Hartford, Conn.



TREE #31, Section 13, near gravesite 13856: Fort Ticonderoga Green Ash

The French built Fort Ticonderoga, first known as Carillon, in 1755 at the outset of the Seven Years' War to block the British presence on Lake Champlain, a strategic site on the New York-Vermont border. In 1759, Lord Jeffery Amherst overcame the French garrison and renamed it Ticonderoga. On May 10, 1775, at the outset of the Revolutionary War, Ethan Allen and Benedict Arnold took the fort from the British, giving the Colonies their first victory. The Fort Ticonderoga Green Ash shades the banks of Lake George, N.Y.



TREE #32, Section 23, near gravesite 16850: Patrick Henry Osage Orange

The National Champion Patrick Henry Osage Orange is more than 400 years old and is the focal point of the grounds at Virginia's Red Hill, Henry's home and resting place. Best known for his "give me liberty or give me death" speech, Patrick Henry has been called the "Voice of the American Revolution" for his insistence on individual freedoms under the Constitution and his instrumental efforts in the adoption of the Bill of Rights.



TREE #33, Section 13, near gravesite 13820: George Washington American Holly

After George Washington's years of service to his country were over, he returned to his beloved Mount Vernon estate, where landscaping and gardening were his primary daily activities. In 1792, he established an area specifically for "any and all kinds of plants fit for hedging," according to his journal entries. The George Washington American Holly is grown from seeds gathered at Mount Vernon.



TREE #34, Section 23, near gravesite 16687: Pringle Sycamore

The Pringle Tree is located on the site of the first permanent settlement west of the Alleghenies in Virginia. The tree, a large hollow sycamore, is the third generation of a still larger hollow sycamore that provided a shelter for two deserters from Fort Pitt — John and Samuel Pringle — from 1764 to 1767.



**TREE #35, Section 13, near gravesite 13745: Eleanor Roosevelt
White Ash**

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt was married to President Franklin D. Roosevelt and held many positions in her life including chairman of the Democratic Public Service committee, assistant director of the Office of Civil Defense, and U.S. Representative to the United Nations General Assembly and chairman of its Human Rights Commission. This tree shaded her home in Hyde Park, N.Y.



**TREE #36, Section 23, near gravesite 16569: Minuteman Red
Maple**

When British soldiers marched to Lexington, Mass., on the morning of April 19, 1775, they were faced by local militiamen sworn to be "ready in a minute" to resist Redcoat rule. A shot was fired, starting the American Revolution. The Minuteman Red Maple is located in the National Historical Park in Concord, Mass.